

CLARREO Pathfinder: A New Perspective of Earth

Yolanda L. Shea¹, Peter Pilewskie², Paul Smith², Greg Kopp², Rajendra Bhatt¹, Constantine Lukashin¹, Gary Fleming¹, Steve Platnick³

¹NASA Langley Research Center ²Laboratory for Atmospheric and Space Physics ³NASA Goddard Space Flight Center

And THANK YOU to all CPF Science Workshop Participants!





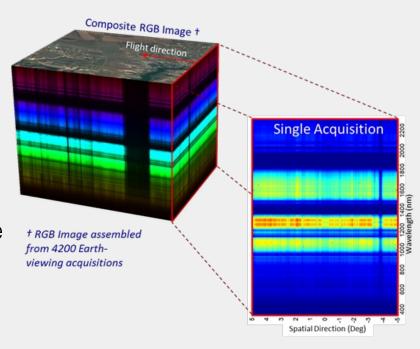
CLARREO Pathfinder: Mission Summary



Climate Absolute Radiance and Refractivity Observatory

- Core Mission Objectives: Take climate-critical high accuracy measurements of Earth reflectance and intercalibrate with CERES (broadband) & VIIRS (multi-spectral)
- LASP-Led Payload & Reflected Solar Spectrometer (350 2300 nm)
- Hosted on International Space Station
- Nominal 1-year mission operations + 1-year science data analysis
 - But wait there will be more! On ISS schedule through end of ISS life (2030)!
- Launch: December 2023

Spectrally-Resolved Earth Reflectance



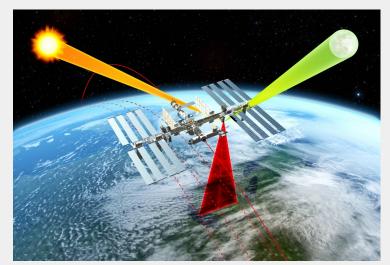




CPF Science Objectives

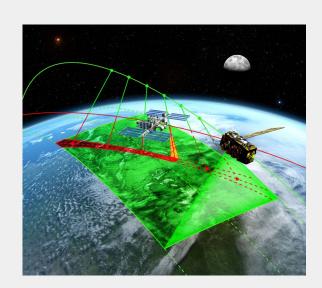


Objective #1: High Accuracy SI-Traceable Reflectance Measurements



Demonstrate on-orbit calibration ability to reduce reflectance uncertainty by a factor of **5-10 times** compared to the best operational sensors on orbit.

Objective #2: Inter-Calibration Capabilities



Demonstrate ability to transfer calibration other key RS satellite sensors by intercalibrating with CERES & VIIRS.

	Objective #1	Objective #2
Uncertainty	Spectrally-resolved & broadband reflectance: ≤0.3% (1σ)	Intercalibration Methodology Uncertainty: ≤0.3% (1σ)
Data Product	Level 1A: Highest accuracy, best for inter-cal, lunar obs Level 1B: Approx. consistent spectral & spatial sampling, best for science studies using nadir spectra	Level 4: One each for CPF-VIIRS & CPF-CERES inter-cal. Merged data products including all required info for inter- cal analysis

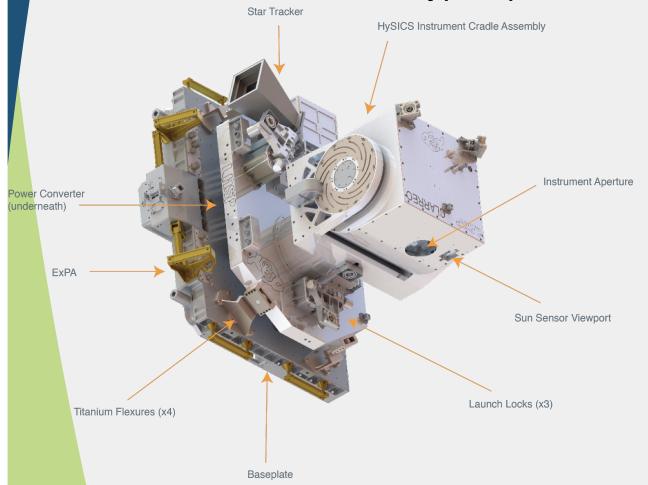




CPRS Payload: LASP Leadership



HYSICS: Hyperspectral Imager for Climate Science



Radiometric Uncertainty	0.3% (1-sigma)	
Spectral Range	350 nm – 2300 nm	
Spectral Resolution	6 nm	
Swath Width	10° (70 km nadir)	
Spatial Resolution	0.5 km	
Sampling Rate	15 Hz	





Versatility in CPF Observations

NASA

Launch-Ready: Late 2023

Prime Mission Ops

Extended Mission Ops (TBD)

	Observation Type	1-Year Prime Mission	2025-2030??
	On-orbit Instrument Calibration	Confirm success of calibration approach over 1 year	
	Earth Reflectance and Radiance Nadir Spectra	Will be used to confirm achieved calibration, geolocation, etc requirements	
ı	LEO On-orbit Inter-calibration	Measurements and data analysis for CERES and VIIRS Only	
I	GEO On-orbit Inter-Calibration	Demonstration measurements with 1 GEO	
	Enhanced Land/DCC Pseudo-Invariant Calibration Site (PICS) Characterization	Measurements over high priority PICS	
	mproved characterization of the Moon	Leveraging existing ops mode to cover libration and phase angles available	



Core Mission Objectives

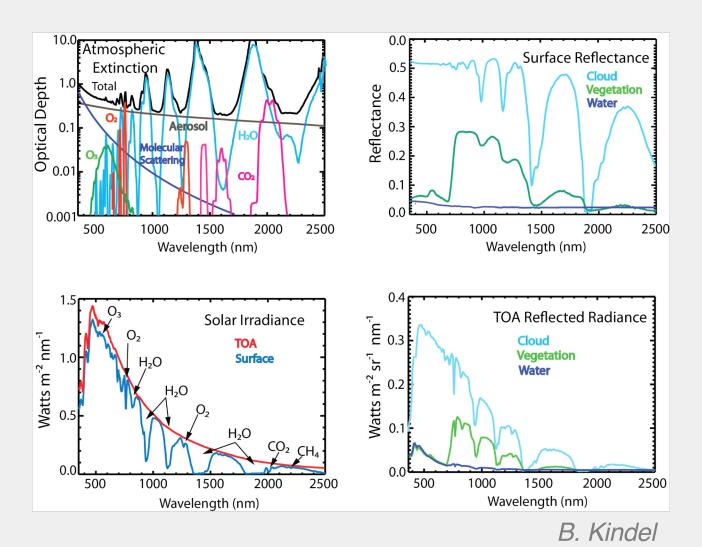
Addl Capabilities



Nadir CPF Hyperspectral Measurements



High accuracy, information-packed measurements are critical for both detecting climate change and identifying what is driving Earth's changing climate (Shea et al., 2022 [In Press]).

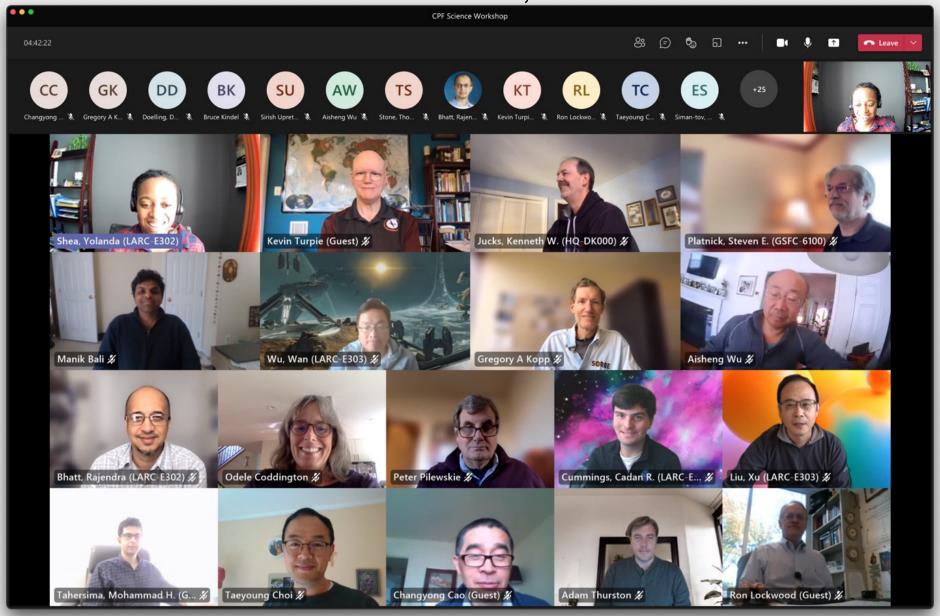




CPF Science Workshop 2021



November 2-3, 2021





CPF Science Workshop Objectives



- 1. Educate those external to the CLARREO Pathfinder Project about the mission, payload capabilities, and science objectives.
- 2. Hear about the science community's interest in how CPF measurements can support their research interests.
- 3. Support the development of a community interested in using CPF hyperspectral reflected solar measurements.
- 4. Encourage discussion/coordination among participants.



Leveraging the CPF Spectrum





Predecessor & Complement to Several Missions

Decadal Survey Missions
PACE
TRUTHS/Libra



Cloud, aerosol, water vapor, and surface remote sensing studies and hyperspectral retrieval algorithm development



Developing a Climate Benchmark Prototype Critical for monitoring geophysical variable changes to provide climate model constraints



Development of Climate Change Attribution Techniques



Evaluating temporal variability of spectral radiation

e.g. How has spectral reflectance changed in past 20 years?



CPF Intercalibration Benefits





Core Mission Direct Targets (CERES & VIIRS)

Earth Energy Imbalance Spectral Response Calibration evaluation across dynamic range



Independent Verification of Radiometric Consistency between multiple flight models (e.g. CERES, VIIRS)



Climate Data Record Continued Development, Improved Quality

MODIS-VIIRS Dark Target & Deep Blue Aerosol, Cloud Continuity Products (20+ year records!) Landsat/Land Imagers



Lunar Reflectance Characterization

Complement to ARCSTONE & airLUSI Supplementing inputs to GIRO, ROLO, etc lunar char. models



Pseudo-Invariant Earth Targets

Deep Convective Clouds Hyperspectral, multi-angle land targets

Improved PICS uncertainty characterization



Augmenting Existing Intercalibration Approaches

GSICS Standard?

e.g. All-sky tropical ray matching, Surface PICS, DCCs, etc



Conclusions/Closing



- Science Opportunities Abound!
 - CPF NPP Opportunity please share!
 - CPF Internship Opportunities too!
- Interested in more detail? See [most] presentations from the workshop on our website
 - https://clarreo-pathfinder.larc.nasa.gov/meetings-and-workshops/
- Next CPF Science Workshop: ~Spring 2023
 - Contact me if you'd like to be added to the participant list
- CLARREO Pathfinder scheduled to Launch on SpaceX Launch 29 December 2023
- CLARREO Pathfinder Science Team Solicitation anticipated in ROSES-24



