

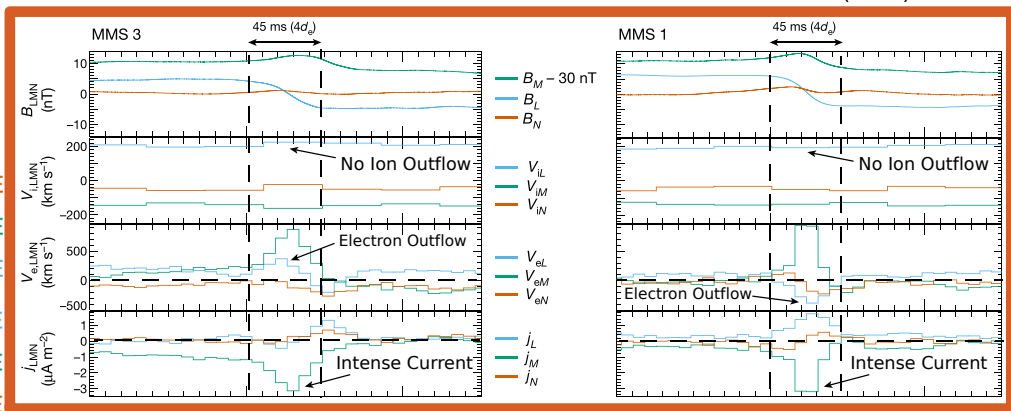
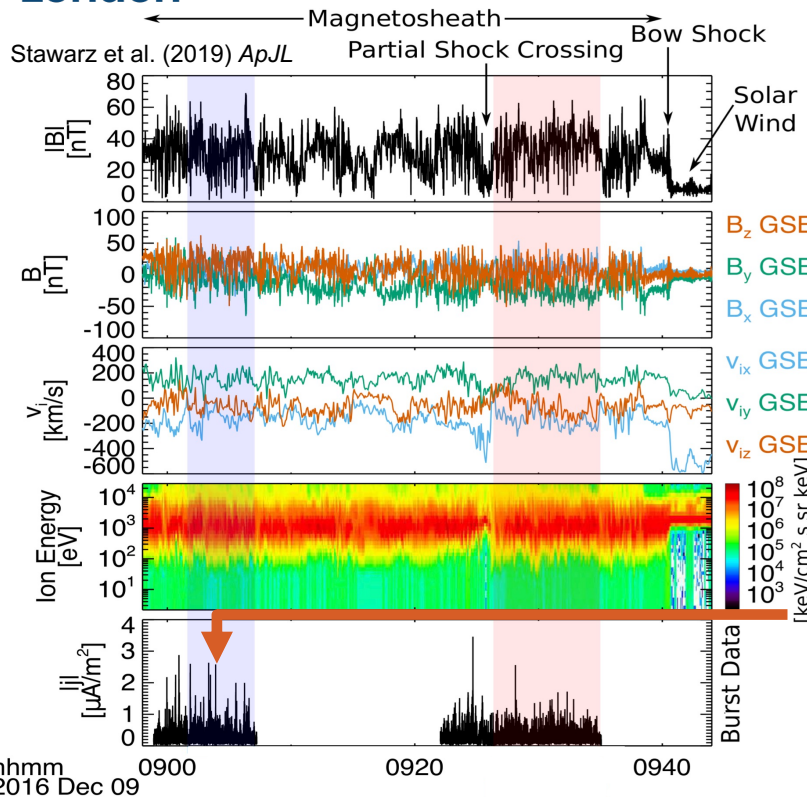


Splinter Session 5: Electron-Only Reconnection

Organizers: Julia E. Stawarz¹ and Prayash Pyakurel²

¹Imperial College London, ²University of California Berkeley

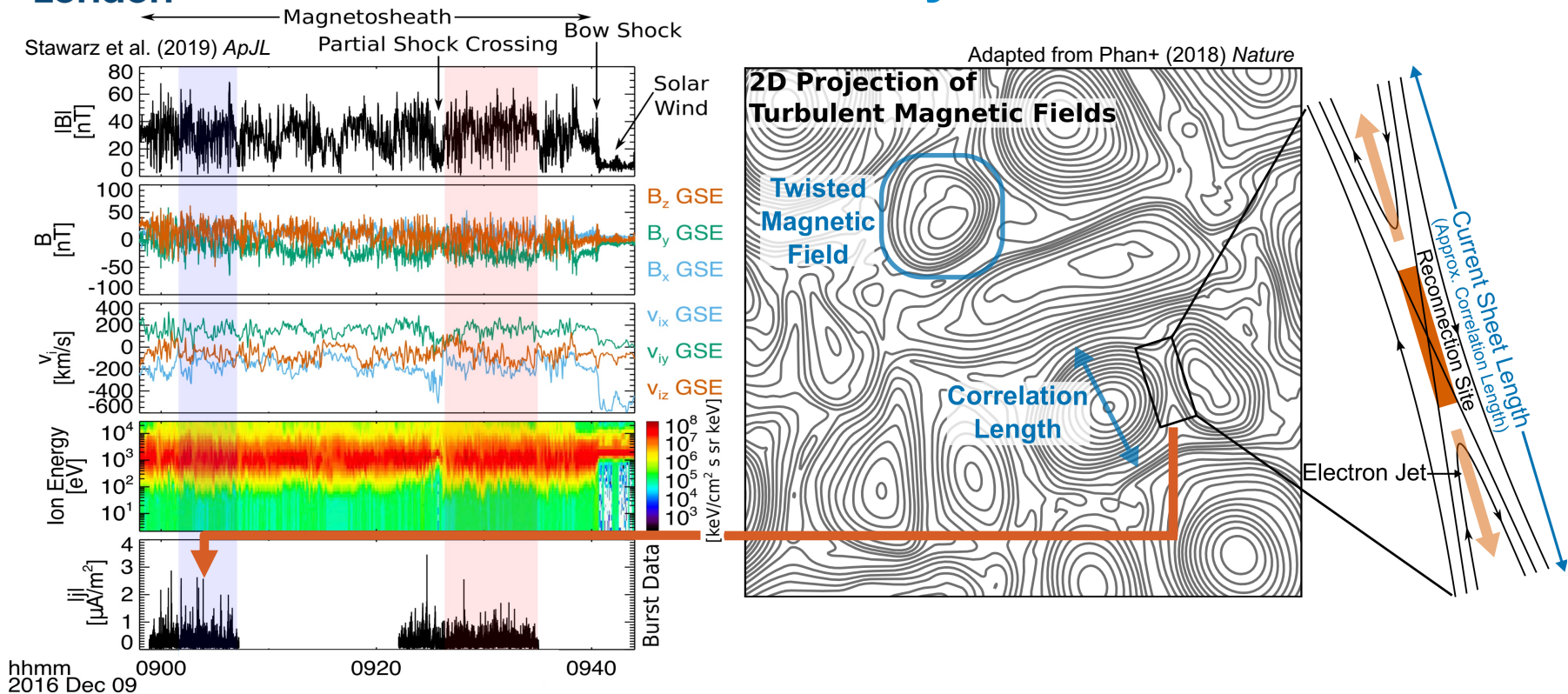
What is Electron-Only Reconnection?



Phan+ [2018, *Nature*] identified multiple reconnection events in the turbulent magnetosheath

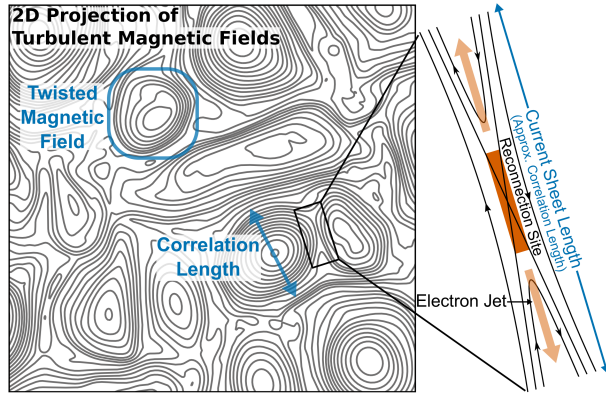
All occurred at **electron-scale current sheets** with **super-Alfvénic electron outflows** and **no ion outflows**

What is Electron-Only Reconnection?



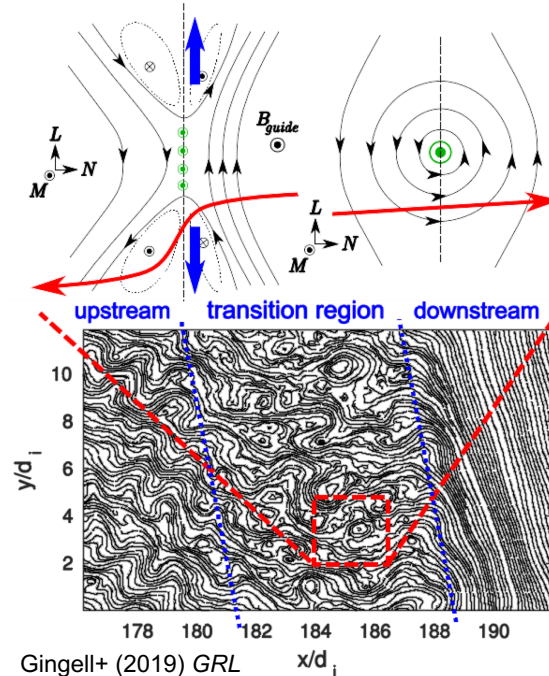
Electron-only Reconnection In Many Environments

Turbulent Magnetosheath



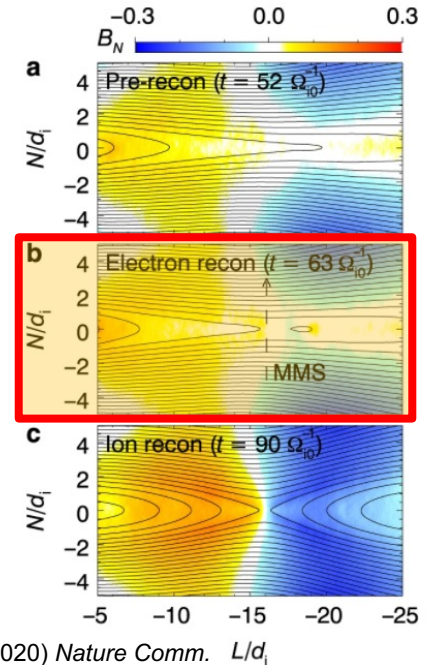
Adapted from Phan+ (2018) *Nature*

Bow Shock



Gingell+ (2019) *GRL*

Magnetotail



Lu+ (2020) *Nature Comm.* L/d_i

Steve Schwartz – Energy Conversion within Current Sheets in the Earth's Quasi-parallel Magnetosheath

Imogen Gingell – Electron-only reconnection at the bow shock

Mark Hubbert – Electron-Only Magnetotail Current Sheets and Their Temporal Evolution

Rick Wilder – Interactions between whistler waves and parallel electric fields in electron-only magnetosheath reconnection

Alex Chasapis – Electron-scale structures and electron acceleration in magnetosheath turbulence

Riddhi Bandyopadhyay – Dissipation in electron-only reconnection: insights from pressure-strain interaction

Julia Stawarz – Turbulence-Driven Reconnection in Earth's Magnetosheath

Naoki Bessho – Electron acceleration in electron-only reconnection in the Earth's quasi-parallel bow shock

Mikhail Sitnov – Electron and ion watersheds as precursors of the magnetotail reconnection: 3D PIC simulations and MMS observations

San Lu – Electron-only reconnection in the magnetotail: PIC simulations

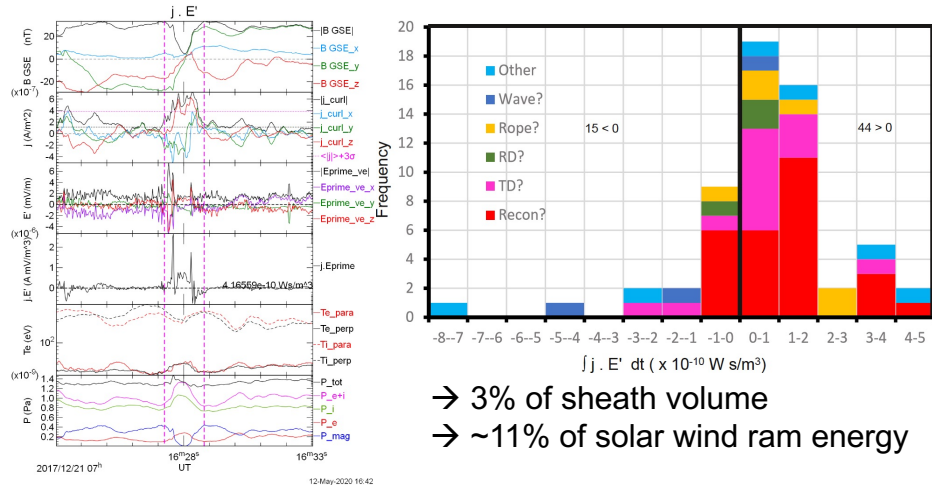
Yi-Hsin Liu – The Effect of Thermal Pressure on Collisionless Magnetic Reconnection Rate

Kris Pritchard – Reconnection Rates and Guide Fields in the EDR

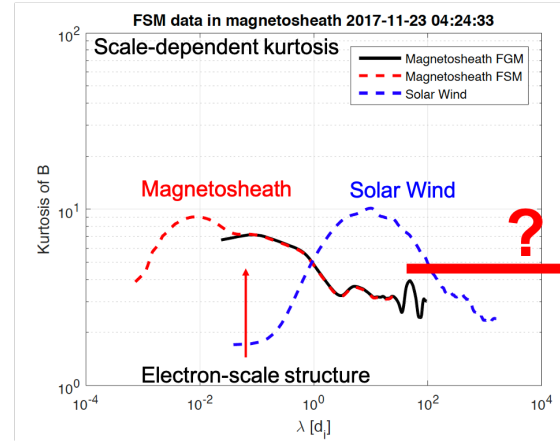
Prayash Pyakurel – Electron-only reconnection: Overview of simulations

Reconnection in the Turbulent Magnetosheath

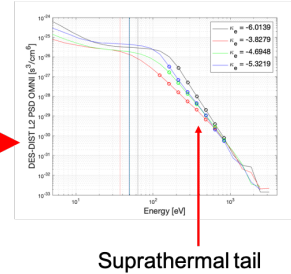
Steve Schwartz



Alex Chasapis

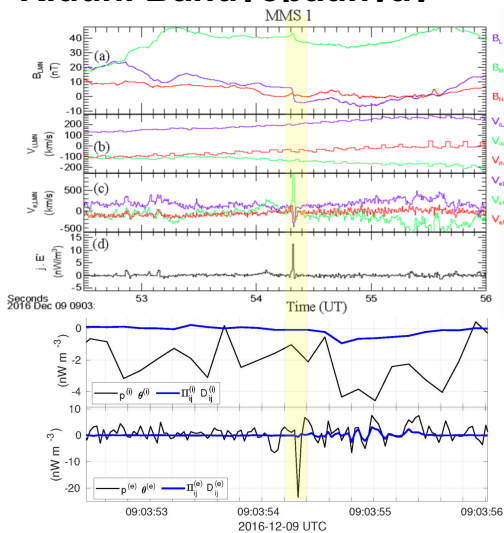


Suprathermal tails of electron distributions observed in the magnetosheath

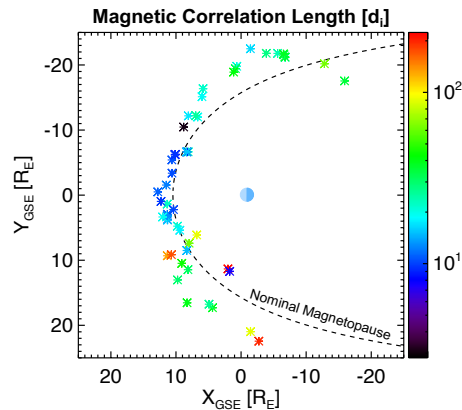


Reconnection in the Turbulent Magnetosheath

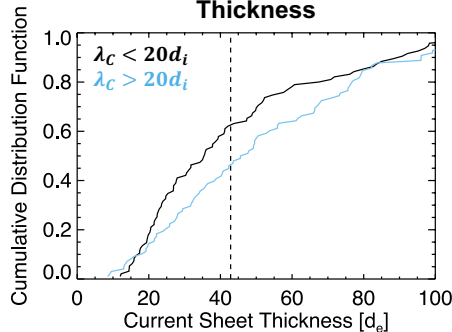
Riddhi Bandvopadhvay



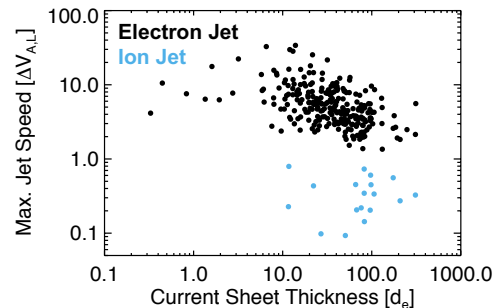
Julia Stawarz



Reconnecting Current Sheet Thickness



Ion and Electron Jet Velocities



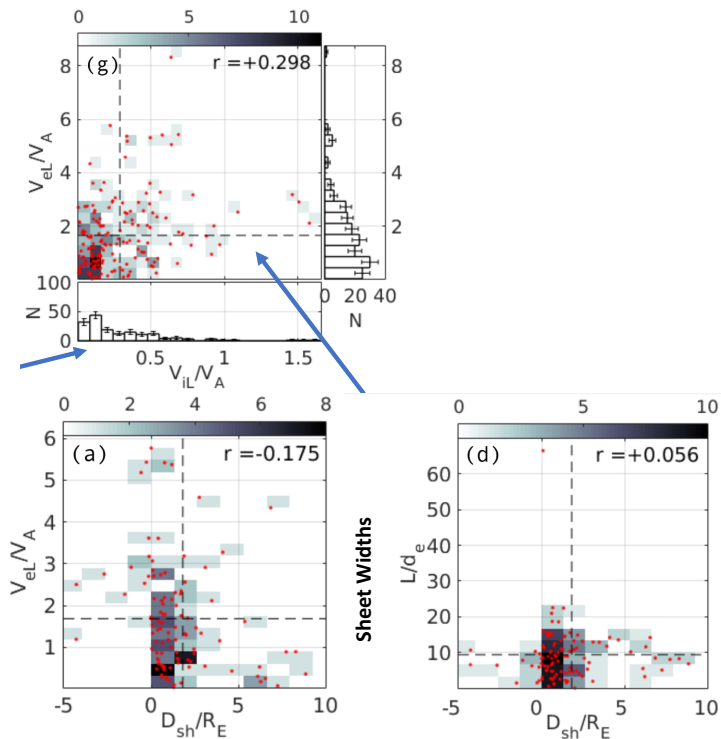
$$\partial_t \mathcal{E}_\alpha^f + \nabla \cdot (\mathcal{E}_\alpha^f \mathbf{u}_\alpha + \mathbf{P}_\alpha \cdot \mathbf{u}_\alpha) = n_\alpha q_\alpha \mathbf{E} \cdot \mathbf{u}_\alpha \quad (1)$$

$$\partial_t \mathcal{E}_\alpha^{th} + \nabla \cdot (\mathcal{E}_\alpha^{th} \mathbf{u}_\alpha + \mathbf{u}_\alpha) = -(\mathbf{P}_\alpha \cdot \nabla) \cdot \mathbf{u}_\alpha \quad (2)$$

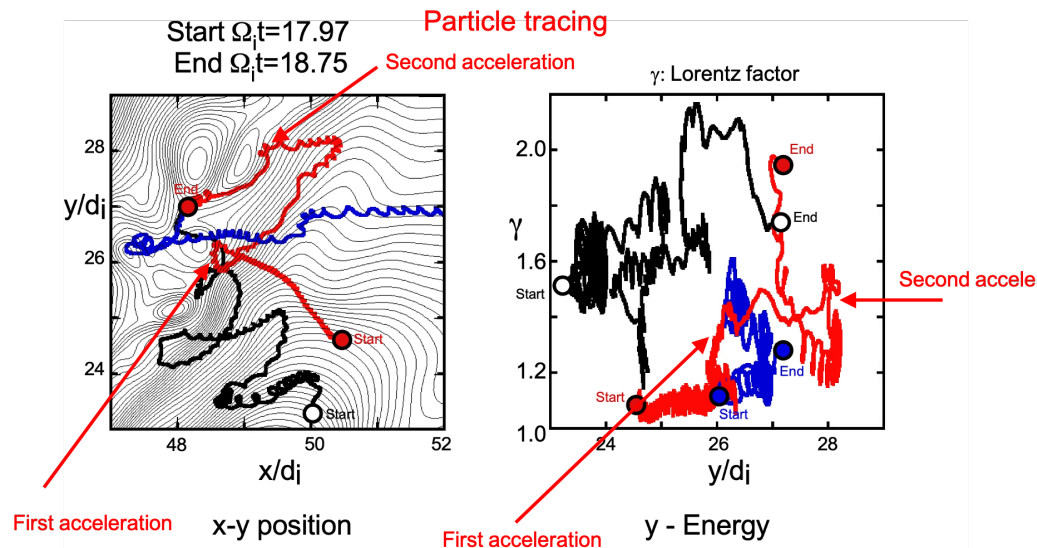
$$\partial_t \mathcal{E}^m + \frac{c}{4\pi} \nabla \cdot (\mathbf{E} \times \mathbf{B}) = -\mathbf{E} \cdot \mathbf{J} \quad (3)$$

Add internal energy: dissipation

Imogen Gingell



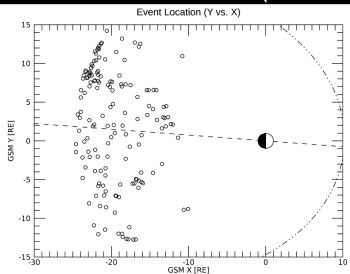
Naoki Bessho



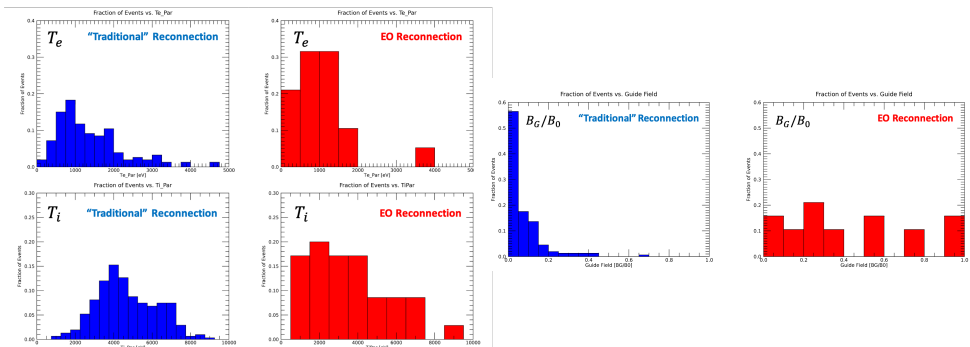
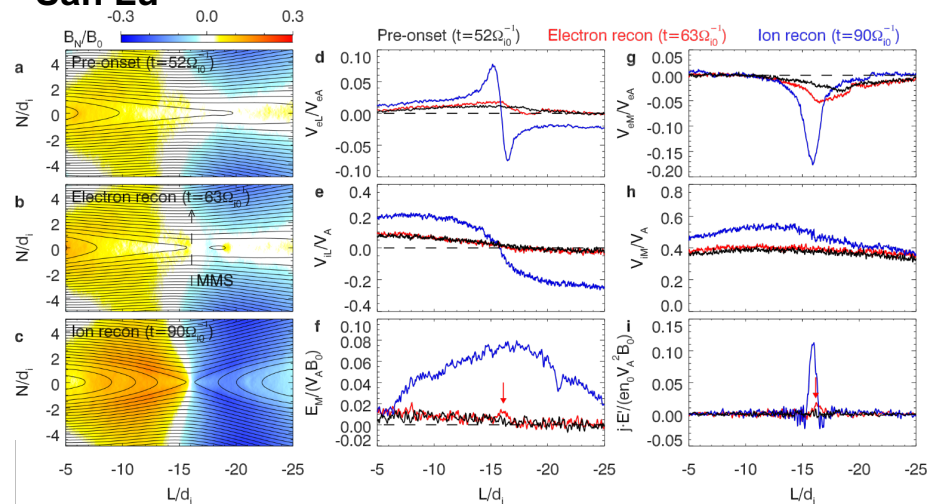
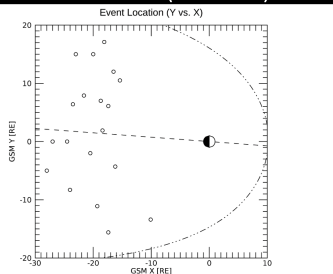
Electron-Only Magnetotail Reconnection

San Lu

“Traditional” Reconnection (154 Events)

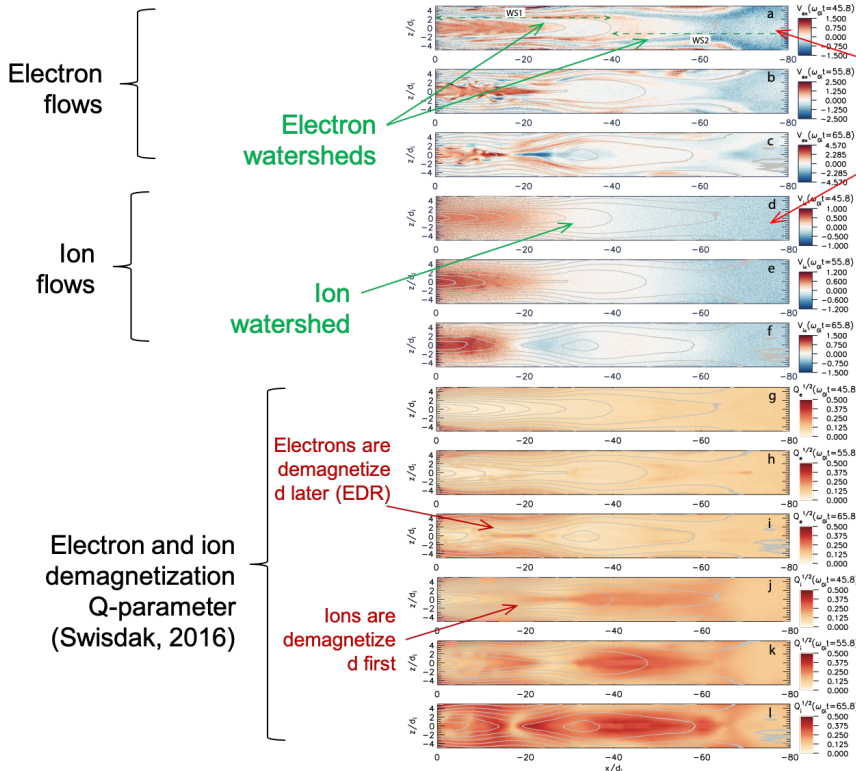


EO Reconnection (19 Events)



Electron-Only Magnetotail Reconnection

Mikhail Sitnov



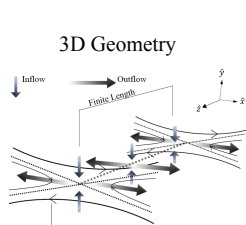
Electron-only reconnection?

Similar works on plasma watersheds preceding/driving reconnection:
Lin & Swift (2002),
Siscoe et al. (2009),
Tanaka et al. (2019)

Similar works on non-reconnection instabilities (kink, torus) preceding/driving reconnection:
Török & Kliem (2005)

Prayash Pyakurel

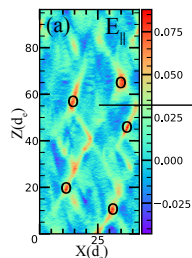
3D Electron-Only Reconnection: Finite Length X-line



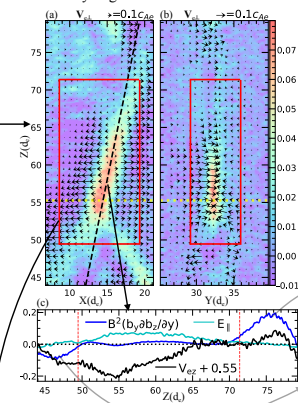
Key Points

- 3D Electron-only reconnection spontaneously develops where the magnetic X-line is localized in the out-of-plane (z) direction.
- The consequence is an enhancement of the reconnection rate compared with 2D, which results from differential mass flux out of the diffusion region along z, enabling a faster inflow velocity and thus a larger reconnection rate.
- This outflow along z is due to the magnetic tension force in z just as the conventional exhaust tension force, allowing particles to leave the diffusion region efficiently along z unlike 2D configuration
- Upper limit of reconnection rate in 3D electron-only reconnection?

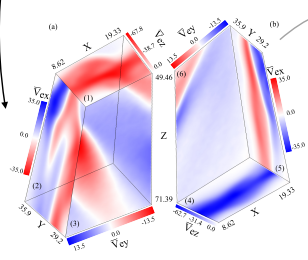
Spontaneous generation of many finite length X-lines in 3D.



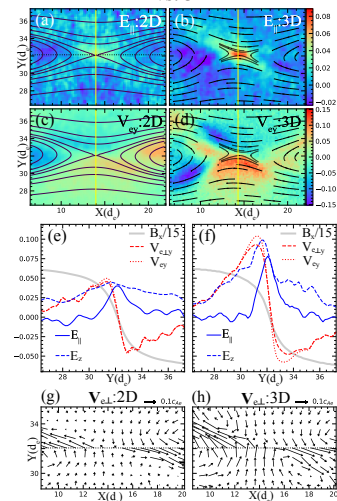
Analyzing one finite X-line in 3D



1. Curvature force term enhanced and depressed outside the diffusion region.
2. Out of plane V_{ez} flows respond to this tension force.



2D vs. 3D



FLUX IN = FLUX OUT

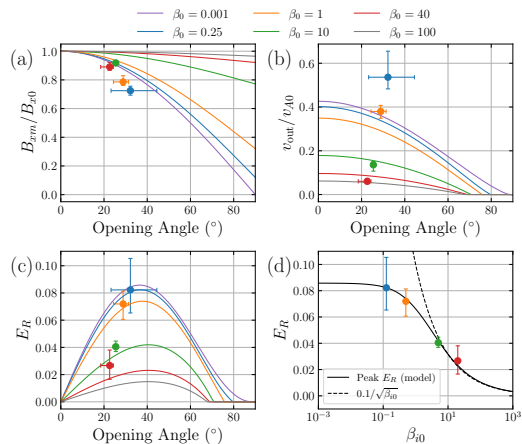
$$\Phi_j = \sum_{l,m} [V_{\epsilon_j}(l,m) \cdot \hat{n}_j] \Delta^2$$

- $\Phi_1 + \Phi_4 = 2.72 \rightarrow z$ direction
- $\Phi_3 + \Phi_6 = -5.61 \rightarrow y$ direction
- $\Phi_2 + \Phi_5 = 2.72 \rightarrow x$ direction

Predicted reconnection rate in the high- β limit (step 4)

$$E_R = B_{zm} V_{out,m} / (B_{x0} v_{A0})$$

as a function of the opening angle ($\equiv 2\theta$)



(X. Li & Liu, APJ 2021)
arXiv:2104.00173

- The predicted reconnection rate $R \simeq 0.1 / \sqrt{\beta_i}$ in the high- β limit.

Using electric field observations to extract the reconnection rate for a number of reconnection events (including Phan et al. electron-only event)

Looking into how reconnection rate is dictated by plasma parameters

Summary & Open Questions

The study of electron-only reconnection is currently an active area of research that is being looked at in different context and from different points of view

Electron-only reconnection fundamentally involves short length and/or time scales making measurements from MMS the ideal tool to study it

MMS is providing us an unprecedented opportunity to explore the interplay between turbulence and magnetic reconnection, the interplay between shocks and reconnection, and reconnection onset

Discussion Questions (Zoom discussion is copied into the Slack channel)

- How do we distinguish between the diffusion region and electron-only reconnection?
- How does electron-only reconnection energize particles?
Does the lack of ion jets mean that ions can't be heated (even through secondary processes)?
- What implications does electron-only reconnection have for reconnection onset and magnetotail dynamics?
- What is the relationship between shock -driven reconnection and magnetosheath turbulence-driven reconnection?