





Light Properties

- OLight travels at the speed of light 'c'
- $OC = 3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$
- Or 190,000 miles/second!!
- Light could travel around the world about 8 times in one second

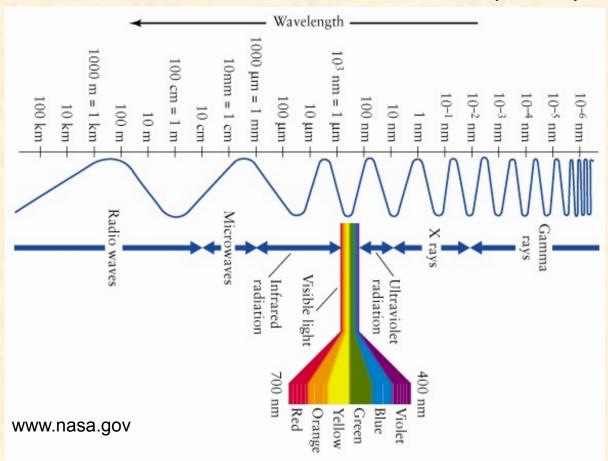




- OLight is "made" out of photons
- Photons can be considered a particle and a wave!!
- •What does that mean?
- A photon is a "wave packet"
- A photon is a "light particle"

Electromagnetic Radiation and You

- Light is sometimes called E-M radiation
- All things emit E-M radiation
- You emit Infra Red radiation (heat)



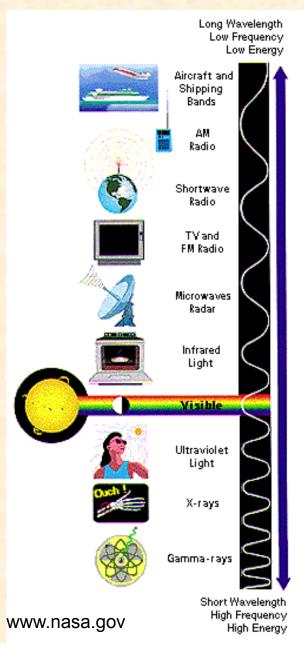




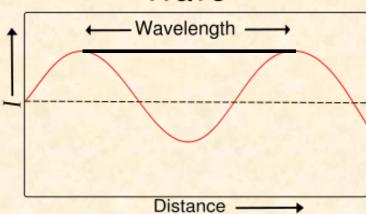
http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Visible_spectrum

<u>red</u>	620-750 nm
<u>orange</u>	590-620 nm
<u>yellow</u>	570-590 nm
green	495-570 nm
<u>blue</u>	450-495 nm
<u>indigo</u>	420-450 nm
<u>violet</u>	380-420 nm

Wavelength and Frequency



Wave



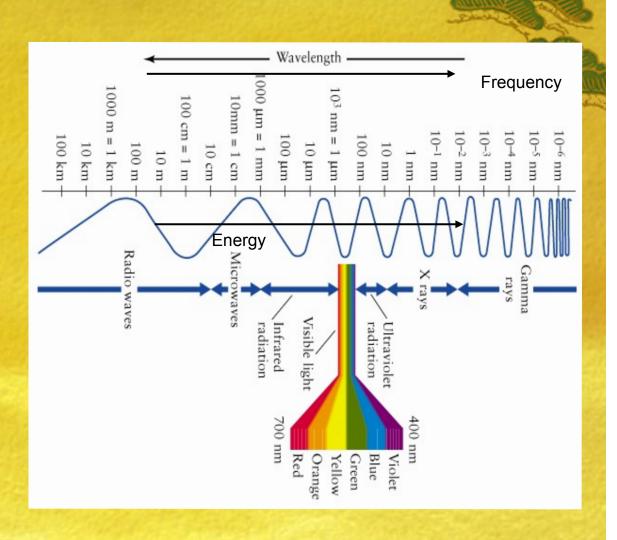
- Wavelength is the distance between two peaks (or troughs)
- Frequency is how frequently the waves occur
- A longer wavelength means a lower frequency
- A shorter wavelength means a higher frequency

The speed of light

- The speed of light 'c' is equal to the frequency 'v' times the wavelength of light 'λ'
- Frequency is measured in Hertz (Hz)
- OHz = 1/ second
- Wavelength is measured in units of length
- $\mathbf{O}_{\mathbf{C}} = \mathbf{v} \times \lambda$

Energy

- The shorter the frequency, the higher the energy of the light!
- E = h x v where 'h' is a constant
- h = 6.626 x 10⁻³⁴
 Joules *second
- Energy is measured in Joules, 'J'
- \bullet J = Watts/m²
- Higher energy = high frequency = short wavelength!!



Two Girls in the IR

Is this in "true color?"



Extra Credit Opportunity: Wein's Law

- •What is Wein's Law?
- ●Go to: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wien %27s_Displacement_Law
- What's wrong with the plot in the upper right hand side?